

# WHERE, HAPLESS ILION

Glee

Charles Butler (1750–1832)

Samuel Webbe  
(1740–1816)

**Largo** [♩ = 60]

Soprano (S): Where, where, where, hap-less I - lion, are thy heav'n - built  
Alto (A): Where, where, where, hap-less I - lion, are thy heav'n - built  
Tenor (T): Where, where, where, hap-less I - lion, are thy heav'n - built  
Bass (B): Where, where, where, hap-less I - lion, are thy heav'n - built

walls, Thy high em - bat-tled towers, thy spa - cious halls; Where are thy tem-ples  
walls, Thy high em - bat-tled towers, thy spa - cious halls; Where are thy tem-ples  
walls, Thy high em - bat-tled towers, thy spa - cious halls; Where are thy tem-ples  
walls, Thy high em - bat-tled towers, thy spa - cious halls; Where are thy tem-ples

From Samuel Webbe's 3rd *Selection of Glees, Duets, Canzonets &c..*

*Ilion* is, of course, another name for Troy.

Punctuation and Metronome Marks are editorial.

The downward stroke over a note probably means accented and slightly separated rather than staccato *per se*.

Trills in solo voice performance could begin on the upper note with a turn as termination. However, and contrariwise, the written-out termination in bar 22 might argue against its use in other places. In choral performance, two repetitions without a termination may be preferred. (In the course of the late 18th C. execution of trills was becoming less formal, culminating in Hummel's assertion (1828) that they should begin on the main note.)

20

and thy state; Thy pride, thy pomp, thy all that made thee great?  
and thy state; Thy pride, thy pomp, thy all that made thee great?  
and thy state; Thy pride, thy pomp, thy all that made thee great?  
and thy state; Thy pride, thy pomp, thy all that made thee great?

Lento [♩ = 72]

24

These pros - trate, pros - trate now in  
These pros - trate now,  
These pros - trate now in  
These pros - trate now in dust and ru - in, in

28

dust, these pros - trate now in dust and ru - in  
these pros - trate now in dust and ru - in  
dust and ru - in, in dust and ru - in  
dust and ru - in, in dust and ru - in

32

lie But thy trans-cen-dent fame can  
lie But thy trans-cen-dent fame can  
lie But thy trans-cen-dent fame can ne-ver die,  
lie But thy trans-cen - dent fame, thy trans-cen-dent fame can ne-ver

36

ne-ver, ne - ver, ne-ver, ne - ver, ne-ver, ne - ver  
ne - ver, no ne - ver, ne - ver  
— can ne - ver die, — can ne - ver die.

die, can ne - ver die, can ne - ver die, can ne - ver

**Andante** [♩ = 112]

39

die. Fate boasts no pow'r to sink thy glo - ries past: They  
die. They  
They  
die. They

60

can ne-ver die, can ne-ver die, no, no, no, can ne-ver ne-ver  
ne - ver die, no, can ne-ver die, can ne-ver die,  
ne - ver die, can ne-ver die, no, no. Fate  
ne - ver die; no, no, no, no,

63

die: Fate boasts no  
Fate \_\_\_\_\_ boasts \_\_\_\_\_ no pow'r to  
boasts no pow'r to sink thy glo-ries past: They fill the world and with the  
Fate boasts no pow'r to sink thy glo-ries past: They fill the world and with the

66

pow'r to sink thy glo-ries past: They \_\_\_\_\_ fill the world \_\_\_\_\_  
sink thy glo-ries, They fill the world and with the world shall  
world shall last, and with the world \_\_\_\_\_  
glo - ries past: they fill the world and with the world shall last, they

69

— and with the world shall last, they fill the  
last, and with the world, and with the world shall last: They fill the  
shall last, shall last, they fill the  
fill the world and with the world shall last, they fill the

72

world, they fill the world and with the world shall last,  
world and with the world shall last,  
world and with the world shall last,  
world and with the world shall last,

76

with the world shall last.  
with the world shall last.  
with the world shall last.  
with the world shall last.